III/LL.B/12

2016 (November - December) BACHELOR OF LAW (Environmental Law) Paper - 12 Full Marks: 100

Pass Mark: 40
Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer any six questions including Question No.1 which is compulsory.

- 1. Write short notes on any four of the following: 4x5=20
 - (s) Nuisance
 - (t) Eco-System
 - (u) Global Warming
 - (v) Violations and Penalties under the Environment Protection
 Act 1986
 - (w) Ozone Depletion
- 2. What are the different provisions of the Indian Constitution concerning the protection of Environment? 16
- Central Government can take such measures as it deems necessary for the purpose of improving quality of environment. Discuss with suitable cases.

- 4. Describe the Salient features of the Environment Protection Act 1986.
- 5. Write a note on Air Pollution and the functions of the State Board under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1974.

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- 6. Explain the principles of law laid down in (any two) 8+8=16
 - (a) Narmada Bachao Andolan vs. Union of India (2000) 10 SCC 664
 - (b) MC Mehta vs. Kamal Nath (2000) 6 SCC 213
 - (c) Mukesh Textile Mills vs. Subramanya Sastri AIR 1987 Kant. 87
 - (d) Union Carbide Corporation vs. Union of India (1991) 4 SCC 584
- Explain the following according to the provisions of the Scheduled Tribe and other Traditional Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights)
 Act 2006.
 - (a) Critical Wildlife Habitat
 - (b) Forest Villages
 - (c) Forest Rights
 - (d) Offences and penalties under the Act.

***** III/LL.B/12/2****

8. Explain the provisions of the Mizoram (Forest Act) 1955.

4x4=16

- (a) Persons bound to assist Forest Officer
- (b) Penalty for counterfeiting or defacing marks on trees and timber, etc.
- (c) Powers to arrest without warrant
- (d) Forest Produce
- 9. Explain (any two)

8+8=16

16

- (a) Hunting of wild animals
- (b) Experimentation on Animals
- (c) In a residential locality, A, is involved in a business of loading, unloading and stocking of fodder. It has become a health hazard to the residents of the locality, as the whole atmosphere was polluted due to dust particles of the fodder. B, a resident of the locality approaches you. Advise him.
- 10. Explain the salient features of Kyoto Protocol 1997.

***** III/LL.B/12/3****

III/LL.B/13

2016

(November - December) BACHELOR OF LAW

(Professional Ethics and Professional Accounting System)

Paper - 13

Full Marks: 60

Pass Mark: 24

Time: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer any five questions including Question No.1 which is compulsory.

1. Write short notes on any four of the following:

5x4=20

- (a) Senior Advocates and other Advocates
- (b) Bar-Bench Relation
- (c) Functions of Bar Council of India.
- (d) Advocates to be the only recognised class of persons entitled to practice law
- (e) Rights and priviledges of Advocates
- (f) Co-operative interaction between Lawyers and Judges
- Explain Contempt of Court. What is the difference between Civil and Criminal Contempt?
- What orders can be made by the Disciplinary Committee of Bar Council of India. Comment in the light of Section 36 of the Advocates Act, 1961.

4. Write in brief the principles of law laid down in :

5x2=10

- a) M.Veerabhadra Rao Versus Tek Chand AIR (1984) SUPP.SCC571
- b) R.D. Saxena Versus Balram Prasad Sharma AIR (2000) SC 2912
- 5. Explain in details the procedure for a person who may be admitted as Advocates on a State roll.
- The right to practice as an Advocate is only a statutory right and not a fundamental right. Comment in the light of Section 29,30 and 33 of the Advocates Act, 1961.
- 7. Write True or False for the following by referring relevant sections of the Advocates Act, 1961. 5x2=10
 - a) One of the functions of the State Bar Council is to conduct seminars and organise talks on legal topics.
 - b) An Advocate cannot be punished for misconduct.
 - Application for admission as an Advocate once refused not to be entertained by another Bar Council except in certain circumstances.
 - d) 'X' has cited an overruled judgement of the Supreme Court of India before Aizawl Bench of Guwahati High Court in support of his case. 'X' is guilty of contempt of court.
 - e) Practicing Advocates can have dual profession as a Lawyer and as a Doctor.

8. Write the duties of Advocates towards:

5x2=10

- a) Duty to the Court
- b) Duty to the Client

2016 (November - December) BACHELOR OF LAW (Intellectual Property Law)

Paper - 14
Full Marks: 100
Pass Mark: 40
Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer any six questions including Question No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Write short notes on any four of the following :

5x4=20

- a) TRIPs Agreement
- b) Persons who may apply for Patent
- c) Copyright in letters
- d) Basmati Rice as Geographical Indication (G.I)
- e) Inventions not patentable under the patents Act,1970
- f) Civil Remedies for infringement of Copyright
- Explain the meaning of Patent and discuss the conditions laid down for patentability of an invention.
 4+12=16
- 3. Copyright law protects only specific expressions of an idea and not the idea itself. Explain this statement supporting your answers with relevant case laws.

- Explain the meaning of Well Known Trade Mark as laid down in the Trade Mark Act 1999 and its protection supported by relevant case laws.
- Write down and explain the detailed definition of geographical indication with examples. Also explain the registration procedure and the effects of registration.
- 6. 'A' was manufacturing and selling loudspeakers and sound amplifiers under the trade name 'PANASONIC', a registered mark. 'B' started manufacturing and selling loudspeakers under the name 'PANAZONIC'. 'A' filed a suit for injunction restraining 'B' from passing off his goods as that of 'A's. Will A succeed? Decide.

16

7. Distinguish between:

8+8=16

- a) Contract of Service and Contract for Service
- b) Licences and Assignment
- 8. Explain the detail procedures for obtaining Patent. 16

***** III/LL.B/14/2****

9. Explain:

8+8=16

- a) University of London Press vrs. University Tutorial Press [(1916) 2 Ch 601]
- b) Amarnath Sehgal vrs Union of India [2002 (25) PTC 56]
- 10. a) 'A' designed a Qutb Minar ashtray which is a known design but has been applied to ashtray for the first time.
 Can he obtain registration of his article under the Design Act 2000. Decide.
 - Write down the economic importance of Intellectual
 Property Right.

***** III/LL.B/14/3****

III/LL.B/15

2016 (November - December) BACHELOR OF LAW (Human Rights and Practice) Paper - 15

> Full Marks: 100 Pass Mark: 40 Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer any six questions including Question No.1 which is compulsory.

1. Write short notes on any four of the following:

5x4=20

- (a) Natural Rights Theories
- (b) Role of Media in promotion and protection of human rights in India
- (c) Second Optional Protocol to ICCPR
- (d) Inter-American Commission on Human Rights
- (e) Rights of linguistic and religious minorities in India
- . (f) Third Generation of Human Rights
- State and explain derrogable and non-derrogable human rights.
 Discuss in the light of relevant provision of ICCPR and Constitution of India.
- Do you think Universal Declaration of Human Rights set a minimum standard of Human rights to be achieved by all Nations.
 Write a comparative essay on UDHR and Constitution of India particularly Part III and IV.

- 4. Discuss the following with relevant provisions of the Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993:- 4x4=16
 - a) Definition of Human Rights
 - b) Functions of the NHRC
 - c) Human Rights Cowets
 - d) Matters not subject to jurisdiction of the NHRC
- 5. Critically examine :-

8+8=16

- a) Working of Mizoram State Commission for Women
- Role of NGO's in promotion and protection of human rights in Mizoram
- 6. Discuss:-

8+8=16

- a) ICESCR and Part IV of Constitution of India
- b) ICCPR and Part III of Constitution of India
- 7. Examine the activist nature of Indian judiciary in general and Supreme Court in particular in the light of Article 32 of the Constitution of India in regard to:
 8+8=16
 - a) Right to healthy environment
 - b) Human rights of child
- State and explain salient features of the Armed Forces (Special Powers) Act, 1958. Also highlight its repeal and retention discourse in the light of judicial pronouncement and reports of various committees or commissions.
 8+8=16

***** III/LL.B/15/2****

9. Explain the content and significance of :-

8+8=16

- a) Convention on Rights of Child, 1989 and India
- b) Convention on Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women,1979 and India
- 10. Discuss any two:-

8+8=16

- a) Universal tradition of human rights explaining nature of human rights
- b) Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995
- c) Individual Communication System under First Optional Protocol to ICCPR

***** III/LL.B/15/3****