

**Professional Course Examination, Even 2020**

(4<sup>th</sup> Semester)

**BACHELOR OF LAW**

Paper : 4.1

**(Constitutional Law - II)**

*Full Marks : 80*

*Time : 3 Hours*

**Instructions:**

1. Questions should be attempted as per instructions.
2. Do not copy the Questions. Indicate the Questions No. clearly while attempting the answer.
3. Multiple choice answer should indicate the Question No., Sub. No., (if any) and the correct answer. For example-

**1.** *Name the state capital of Mizoram.*

*(a) Lunglei (b) Aizawl (c) Champhai*

Candidate should provide answer as **Q. No. 1:**

**(b) Aizawl** [Candidate should avoid writing only (b)]

4. The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

The Figures in the margin indicate full marks for the question

Answer **any five** question, taking one from each unit

### UNIT - I

1. Define Administrative law? Explain the nature and Scope of Administrative law. (16)
2. Explain the Rule of Law according to AV Dicey. (16)

### UNIT - II

3. What is delegated legislation? Critically examine the effectiveness of parliamentary control over delegated legislation. (16)
4. Write notes on the following : (8 x 2 = 16)
  - a) Sub- delegated legislation
  - b) Reason for the growth of delegated legislation.

### UNIT - III

5. "No man can be condemned unheard". Discuss with reference to leading cases. (16)
6. Explain the distinction between Court and Tribunal. (16)

**LLB/4.1/2**

### UNIT - IV

7. Explain the writ of Habeas Corpus. Explain the ground for the issue of the writ of Habeas Corpus. (16)
8. Write short notes on the following: (8 x 2 = 16)
  - a) Doctrine of Promissory Estoppel.
  - b) Judicial Review on Administrative actions

### UNIT - V

9. What is Public undertaking? Explain the various controls over these Public Undertakings. (16)

OR

Write do you meant by Civil Services in India. Explain the recruitment, power and responsibilities of Civil Services in India. (16)

10. Discuss the Principle relating to Civil and criminal liability of public corporation for the act of their servant. (16)

OR

Explain the nature, power and Jurisdiction of Lokayukta in Mizoram. (16)

**\*\*\*\*\*LLB/4.1/3\*\*\*\*\***

**Professional Course Examination, Even 2020**

(4<sup>th</sup> Semester)

**BACHELOR OF LAW**

Paper : 4.2

**(Alternative Dispute Resolution System (Clinical II))**

*Full Marks : 60*

*Time : 2 Hours*

**Instructions:**

1. Questions should be attempted as per instructions.
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3. Multiple choice answer should indicate the Question No., Sub. No., (if any) and the correct answer. For example-

**1.** *Name the state capital of Mizoram.*

*(a) Lunglei (b) Aizawl (c) Champhai*

Candidate should provide answer as **Q. No. 1:**

**(b) Aizawl** [Candidate should avoid writing only (b)]

4. The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

*The Figures in the margin indicate full marks for the question*

Answer **any six** questions.

1. Explain the Alternate Dispute Redressal System presently available in setting dispute (10)
2. Write the advantage and Disadvantage of Judicial Dispute Resolutions (JDR). (10)
3. Critically examine Alternate means of Resolution in India. (10)
4. Write Short notes on any (2) two : (5+5= 10)
  - a) Arbitration
  - b) Conciliation
  - c) Negotiation
5. Explain Arbitration Agreement and composition of Arbitral Tribunal with the procedure to be followed in Arbitration Proceedings. (10)
6. Explain the concept of Lok Adalat. Write the importance of Lok adalat in Judicial System. (10)
7. "Arbitral Award refer to the decision of arbitral tribunal in arbitration proceedings." Discuss this statement by explaining the proceeding and enforcement of Foreign Award. (10)
8. Explain the role of village Court and Panchayat as an important means of ADRS in India. (10)
9. Write short notes on any two (2) : (5+5=10)
  - a) Meaning of Lokpal and Need of Lokpal
  - b) Section 89 of CPC, 1908
  - c) Administrative Tribunals in India
  - d) Importance of Consumer forum as Alternate Dispute Redressal Forum.
10. Answer any two : (5+5 = 10)
  - a) Motor Accident Claim Tribunal
  - b) Role of NGO in dispute resolution
  - c) Importance of Family Court in Modern Society

10. Answer any two:

(8+8=16)

- a) Adjudication and Appeal in FEMA
- b) Objectives of FEMA, 1999
- c) Functions of BPO's and LPO's in India.

\*\*\*\*\*LLB/4.3/4\*\*\*\*\*

**Professional Course Examination, Even 2020**

(4<sup>th</sup> Semester)

**BACHELOR OF LAW**

Paper : 4.3

**(Company law)**

*Full Marks : 80*

*Time : 3 Hours*

**Instructions:**

1. Questions should be attempted as per instructions.
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**1. Name the state capital of Mizoram.**  
*(a) Lunglei (b) Aizawl (c) Champhai*  
Candidate should provide answer as **Q. No. 1:**  
**(b) Aizawl** [Candidate should avoid writing only (b)]
4. The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

The Figures in the margin indicate full marks for the question

Answer **any five** questions, taking one from each Section.

### UNIT - I

1. What are the different types of Company? Explain the special characteristics of a Company. (16)
2. Write notes on any two: (2X8=16)
  - a) Advantages and Disadvantages of Incorporation
  - b) Position, Duties and Liabilities of Company promoters
  - c) Lifting the corporate veil

### UNIT - II

3. Explain the following: (2X8=16)
  - a) Contents of Memorandum of Association
  - b) Distinction between Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association of a Company
4. Who are Company Directors? Explain the legal positions of a Company Director in a public company (16)

### UNIT - III

5. Who are Shareholders in a Company? How a person can become and cease to be a member of a Company? (16)

**LLB/4.3/2**

6. What do you mean by the term 'Winding up of a Company'? Under what circumstances a company may be wound up by the Tribunal? (4+12=16)

### UNIT - IV

7. How far the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 regulated securities market in India? Illustrate with leading case laws. (16)
8. Explain any two: (2X8=16)
  - a) Primary and Secondary Market
  - b) Ministry of Company Affairs
  - c) Clause 49 of Listing Agreement on Corporate Governance

### UNIT - V

9. 'Corporate Restructuring of a company is needed for the purpose of making more profit in the corporate management'. Critically examine the given statement. (16)

**LLB/4.3/3**

UNIT - V

9. Explain: (8x2 = 16)
- a) Juvenile in conflict with law and juvenile in need of care and protection
  - b) Juvenile Justice system in India
10. 'Probation is an alternative to prison.' Critically examine this statement in the view of Probations of Offenders Act, 1958. (16)

\*\*\*\*\*LLB/4.4.3/4\*\*\*\*\*

Professional Course Examination, Even 2020

(4<sup>th</sup> Semester)

BACHELOR OF LAW

Paper : 4.4.3

(Criminology, Penology and Victimology)

Full Marks : 80

Time : 3 Hours

**Instructions:**

1. Questions should be attempted as per instructions.
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**1.** Name the state capital of Mizoram.  
*(a) Lunglei (b) Aizawl (c) Champhai*  
Candidate should provide answer as **Q. No. 1:**  
**(b) Aizawl** [Candidate should avoid writing only (b)]
4. The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

*The Figures in the margin indicate full marks for the question*

Answer **any five** questions, taking **one** from each Unit

### **UNIT – I**

1. The scientific explanation of criminal behaviour state in the form of theories known as various schools of Criminology. Explain the various schools of Criminology. (16)
2. Critically examine 'Criminology is a distinct science.' (16)

### **UNIT – II**

3. Relate and examine the major causes of crimes in India with those of the theories of crime. (16)
4. 'Crime is a constant phenomenon changing with social change.' In the light of this statement, define crime and explain the difference between crime prevention and control. (16)

**LLB/4.4.3/2**

### **UNIT – III**

5. 'Imprisonment is not simply to punish the criminals but for care and rehabilitation of criminal.' Explain this statement in the light of various Theories of Punishment. (16)
6. Write notes on: (8x2 = 16)
  - a) Prison system in India
  - b) Organisation and Functioning of Police system in India.

### **UNIT – IV**

7. "Victimology is the scientific study of victim". Elaborate this statement and also highlight Victim Assistance Programmes. (16)
8. Discuss the Indian law and approaches on Victim of Crime in criminal courts. (16)

**LLB/4.4.3/3**





the powers of Estate Officer and the procedure to be followed by the statutory authority for the eviction of unauthorised occupants. (2+14 = 16)

8. “Rental laws are imposed irrespective of the size of the property being rented to help potential tenants and to secure good rental accommodation.” Explain this statement with the help of Rent agreement laws in India. (16)

**UNIT V**

9. Write short noted on: (8+8=16)
- a) Doctrine of Eminent domain.
  - b) Ownership of land.
10. Discuss in brief the tribal right to land provided under the Scheduled Tribe and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006. (16)

**Professional Course Examination, Even 2020**

(4<sup>th</sup> Semester)

**BACHELOR OF LAW**

Paper : 4.5

**(Land Laws)**

Full Marks : 100

Time : 3 Hours

**Instructions:**

1. Questions should be attempted as per instructions.
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  1. Name the state capital of Mizoram.  
(a) Lunglei (b) Aizawl (c) ChamphaiCandidate should provide answer as **Q. No. 1:**  
**(b) Aizawl** [Candidate should avoid writing only (b)]
4. The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

*The Figures in the margin indicate full marks for the question*

Answer **any one** question from each unit.

### **UNIT I**

1. Give the classification of land holders and their rights under the Mizoram (Land Revenue) Act, 2013. Also give the procedures of allotment of house site in rural areas. (10+6 = 16)
2. a) Define Landlord under the Mizoram Urban Areas Rent Control Act, 1974 and also state the duties. (8)  
b) Give the procedures of election of Mayor and Deputy Mayor under the Mizoram Municipalities Act, 2007. (8)

### **UNIT II**

3. a) Define 'lease,' 'lessor,' and 'lessee' under the Indian Easements Act, 1882. (8)  
b) Essential features of license under the Indian Easements Act, 1882 (8)

**LLB/4.5/2**

4. a) State the effect of non-registration of sale of land with relevant Supreme Court rulings. (8)  
b) Define 'reserved forest.' Also give its relevancy to the state of Mizoram. (8)

### **UNIT III**

5. Who is land owner under the Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013. Write notes on Social Impact Assessment Study under the Act. (6 + 10 = 16)
6. Discuss in brief the procedures of land acquisition under the Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013. (16)

### **UNIT IV**

7. Define unauthorised occupants. Discuss in detail

**LLB/4.5/3**

