

Professional Course Examination, Odd 2021

(5th Semester)

BACHELOR OF LAW

Paper : 27 (Pre-Revised)

(Law of Evidence)

Full Marks : 100

Time : 3 Hours

Instructions:

1. Questions should be attempted as per instructions.
2. Indicate the Questions No. clearly while attempting the answer.
3. Multiple choice answer should indicate the Question No., Sub. No., (if any) and the correct answer. For example-
1. Name the state capital of Mizoram.
(a) Lunglei (b) Aizawl (c) Champhai
Candidate should provide answer as **Q. No. 1:**
(b) Aizawl [Candidate should avoid writing only (b)]
4. The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the question

Answer **any six** questions including **Question No. 1** which is compulsory.

1. Write short notes on **any four**: (4x5=20)
 - a) Cross examination.
 - b) Retracted confession.
 - c) Extra-judicial confession.
 - d) Burden of proof
 - e) Adverse possession
 - f) Acquisition of ownership by possession.
2. Who is an expert? Examine the subjects on which an expert is competent to testify? (6+10=16)
3. What are documentary evidences? State the differences between oral and documentary evidences. (6+10=16)
4. "Res gestae is an exception to the rule against Hearsay Evidence." Discuss. (16)
5. "Confession made after removal of impression caused by inducement, threat or promise, relevant." Discuss in the light of decided cases. (16)
6. Discuss accomplice. Also discuss when accomplice becomes a competent witness. (6+10=16)

7. "Limitation bars the remedy and not the right." Explain the rule and state the exceptions to this rule. (16)
8. "Time commences to run the moment the right to sue accrues." Discuss. (16)
9.
 - a) Discuss the doctrine of Estoppel. Also state exceptions to this principle. (8)
 - b) Discuss the principles relating to burden of proof. (8)
10.
 - a) What are the differences between admission and confession. (8)
 - b) When is the limitation period for filing suits, appeals and applications extended? (8)

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Professional Course Examination, Odd 2021

(5th Semester)

BACHELOR OF LAW

Paper: 28 (Pre – Revised)

(Criminal Law-I (IPC))

Full Marks : 100

Time : 3 Hours

Instructions:

1. Questions should be attempted as per instructions.
2. Indicate the Questions No. clearly while attempting the answer.
3. Multiple choice answer should indicate the Question No., Sub. No., (if any) and the correct answer. For example-
1. Name the state capital of Mizoram.
(a) Lunglei (b) Aizawl (c) Champhai
Candidate should provide answer as **Q. No. 1:**
(b) Aizawl [Candidate should avoid writing only (b)]
4. The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the question

Answer **any six** questions including **Question No. 1** which is compulsory.

1. Write short notes on **any four** of the following. (4x5=20)
 - a) Unlawful assembly
 - b) Causing death by negligence
 - c) Exceptions of defamation
 - d) Joint criminal liability
 - e) Criminal conspiracy
 - f) Grievous hurt
2. Explain the law relating to defamation with any five exceptions in detail. (16)
3.
 - a) Explain the right of private defence of body in detail. (10)
 - b) 'A' makes an attempt to pick the pocket of 'B' by thrusting his hand into B's pocket. 'A' fails in the attempt in consequence of B's having nothing in his pocket. Is 'A' liable? Discuss. (6)
4.
 - a) Define the offence of cheating. (6)
 - b) What are the offences against the State? Explain any two of them. (10)
5. Define and explain the offence of rape as amended by the Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013. Can a husband commit rape against his own wife? (12+4=16)

6. Distinguish between *any four*: (4x4=16)
- a) Abduction and kidnapping
 - b) Document and valuable security
 - c) Rioting and affray
 - d) Common intention and common object
 - e) Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement
7. a) "In all robbery there is either theft or extortion." Discuss (12)
- b) A instigates B to kill C. B refuses to do so. Discuss A's liability. (4)
8. Explain intra and extra-territorial operations of IPC. (16)
9. a) What is culpable homicide? When does it amount to murder? (12)
- b) A does not allow B to proceed in a particular direction in which he has right to proceed. Is A liable for any offence? (4)
10. What are the offences against public tranquility? Explain any three of them in detail. (16)

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LLB/V/30(PR)

Professional Course Examination, Odd 2021

(5th Semester)

BACHELOR OF LAW

Paper: 30 (Pre – Revised)

(Interpretation of Statutes and Principles of Legislation)

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hours

Instructions:

1. Questions should be attempted as per instructions.
2. Do not copy the Questions. Indicate the Questions No. clearly while attempting the answer.
3. Multiple choice answer should indicate the Question No., Sub. No., (if any) and the correct answer. For example-
1. Name the state capital of Mizoram.
(a) Lunglei (b) Aizawl (c) Champhai
Candidate should provide answer as **Q. No. 1:**
(b) Aizawl [Candidate should avoid writing only (b)]
4. The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the question
Answer **any six** questions including **Question No. 1** which is compulsory.

1. Write short notes on **any four** of the following: (4x5=20)
 - a) Principle of *Noscitur a Sociis*
 - a) 'Preamble' as an aid of interpretation
 - b) Meaning and purpose of Interpretation of statutes
 - c) Rule of *Ejusdem Generis*
 - d) Application of the rule of '*Contemporanea Expositio Est Fortissima in Lege*'
 - e) Effect of Repeal of Statute
2. Write a note on the following: (8+8=16)
 - a) Literal Rule of Interpretation
 - b) Golden Rule of Interpretation
3. What are internal and external aids to interpretation of statutes? Explain the importance of the following in the interpretation of statutes: (8+8=16)
 - a) Long title and Short title
 - b) Parliamentary history of an Act

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4. Explain the general principles regarding retrospective operation of statute. (16)
5. "Taxation statute has to be interpreted strictly because State cannot at their whims and fancies burden the citizens without authority of law". Discuss the procedure and principles for the construction of taxing statute. Support your answer with decided cases. (16)
6. Discuss the following with suitable case laws: (8+8=16)
- a) Doctrine of Pith and Substance
 - b) Doctrine of Eclipse
7. Write short notes on the following: (8+8=16)
- a) Meaning and essential of a 'Will'
 - b) "Where, the words used in a deed, if taken in its literal sense leads to absurdity and inconsistency, then an interpretation to avoid that absurdity and inconsistency should be made". Explain the rule of interpretation of deed.
8. a) Discuss the nature and scope of Legislation.
b) Supreme and Sub-ordinate Legislation (8+8=16)
9. Discuss the procedure of law making under the Constitution of India. (16)
10. Write a note on **any two** of the following: (8+8=16)
- a) Delegated Legislation
 - b) Judicial Activism
 - c) Relation between Law and Public Policy

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